

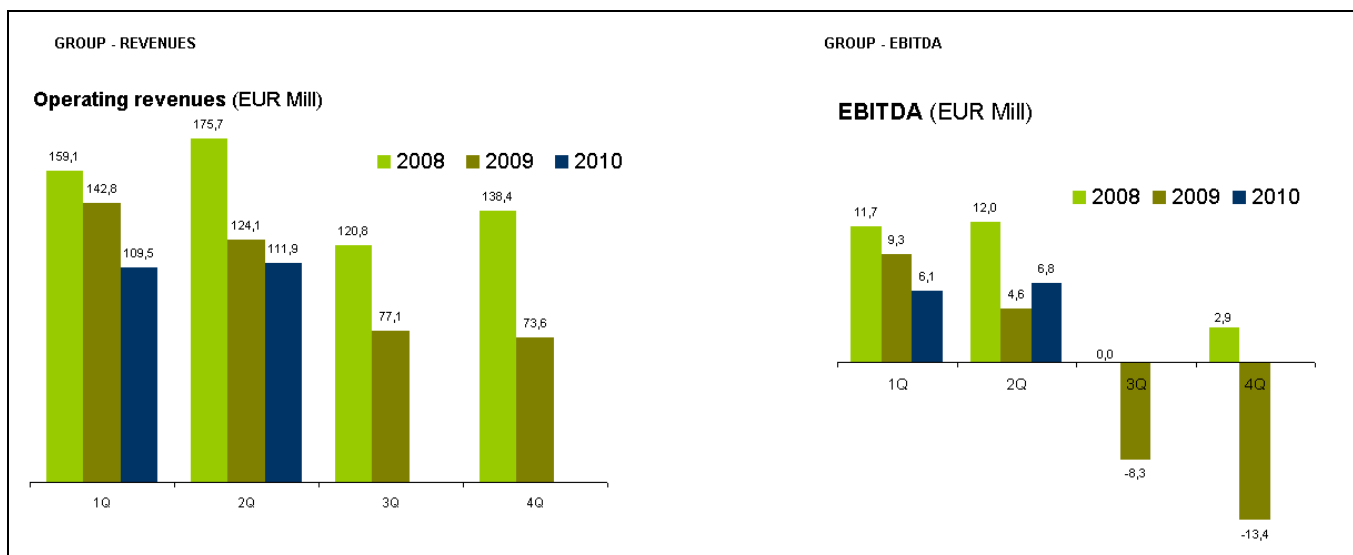
First half-year and 2nd quarter 2010

Key Issues Q2 2010

- Profit before tax amounted to EUR 3.1 Mill compared to a loss of EUR -2.3 Mill in Q2 2009.
- Net interest bearing debt was reduced by 57% down to now EUR 23.1 Mill compared to Q2 2009.
- Based on an excellent cash flow in Q2 2010 a reduction from same period last year of long-term interest bearing debt of EUR 19.3 Mill became possible through buying back own bonds.
- Order intake in all main markets is on comparable level to Q2 2009 or better except for France.
- Order situation is still challenging, but recent crop and milk price increase give some future positive expectations.
- Operating revenues slightly increased from Q1 2010 to Q2 2010 and - when excluding the natural downturn in the bale business after divestment of our Geldrop factory in February 2009 - reached almost the sales of Q2 2009 (-2.6%).
- Improved gross margins (+2.0%), well adjusted production capacities and a reduced cost base of 11% resulted in a strongly improved EBITDA of EUR 6.8 Mill in Q2 2010 vs. EUR 4.6 Mill in Q2 2009 (+48.0%, excluding the FX related effects: +80.0%).
- EBITDA was strongly negatively affected by unfavourable currency exchange rates (primarily NOK to EUR). This effect was partly offset by a currency exchange gain of EUR 0.5 Mill, first of all from restatement of hedge contracts.
- Following the fundamental changes in production philosophy already launched in 2009, a further reduction of inventories could be realized (Q2 2010 EUR -12.1 Mill vs. Q2 2009 EUR -4.0 Mill) combined with improved delivery times.
- Due to solid profitability and another cutback on working capital of EUR -15.8 Mill a continuously strong positive operational cash flow of EUR 21.0 Mill (Q2 2009 EUR 9.6 Mill) was generated.

Key Issues year-to-date 2010

- EBITDA of EUR 13.0 Mill is almost on par with last years EBITDA of EUR 13.9 Mill although the operating revenues decreased by EUR 45.5 Mill compared with last year.
- Strongly reduced capacity cost (EUR -9.5 Mill) and substantially improved purchasing results are the key drivers behind this healthy development.
- Negative currency effects on gross margin and capacity cost, and thus on EBITDA, are to a large extent compensated by exchange gains of EUR 3.9 Mill.
- Working capital was reduced with EUR 74.2 Mill from Q2 2009 to Q2 2010.
- The equity ratio improved from 31.0% at year end 2009 to 34.0% at the end of Q2 2010.
- The negative difference in the order book was sharply reduced from EUR 100.3 Mill at year end 2009 down to EUR 32.2 Mill at the end of Q2 2010.



Second quarter:

All markets except France stabilized and show in one or another way signs of recovery during 2nd quarter 2010. The French market remains in a crisis and is weak, not only for us but for the entire agricultural machinery industry. Operating revenues in every region was on comparable level to last year's Q2 results, or in some cases such as Sweden and Poland even substantially better. In general our market share – except for balers - has been stable and in some important markets like Germany we have seen some increases.

Over all operating revenues excluding the activities related to the business area Bale, which was divested in February 2009, ended at EUR 99.2 Mill compared to EUR 101.8 Mill last year. This decrease of approximately 3% is judged to be moderate and – taking into consideration the exceptionally bad situation in France - according to expectations.

Q2 again showed that the capacity adjustments of 2009, which concerned the entire organisation, fit to the actual activity level of the quarter. Furthermore, main input factors are still cheaper than in previous years, which is the predominant reason for an improved gross margin of 2.0%. Combined with a cost base reduced by 10.9% compared to last year's 2nd quarter, an EBITDA of EUR 6.8 Mill was achieved (corrected by FX related effects the cost base reduction was 14%). These results are considerably above Q2 2009 which generated only an EBITDA of EUR 4.6 Mill (+48%). The EBITDA in Q2 2010 was strongly affected by unfavourable currency exchange rates (EUR -1.5 Mill, primarily NOK to EUR). This effect was only partly offset by a currency exchange gain of EUR 0.5 Mill, first of all from restatement of hedge contracts.

As per 30.06.2010, Kverneland Group had 1 921 employees (including 150 temps) which is equal to the previous quarter. Compared to the continued operations one year before, a reduction of 164 employees can be recorded. Although we have executed substantial staffing cutbacks we kept our extensive sales and marketing competence as far as possible so that we are ready to capture expected market growth in the near future.

First half-year:

As per 30.06.10 the Group had operating revenues of EUR 221.4 Mill, which is a drop of -17.0% (=EUR 45.5 Mill) compared with last year. EBITDA ended at EUR 13.0 Mill, only slightly down from EUR 13.9 Mill last year. Thus the EBITDA-margin improved from 5.2% in first half 2009 up to 5.9% end of first half 2010.

The Group's net financial expense was EUR 0.7 Mill year-to-date, as against EUR 1.2 Mill at the same time last year. The financial expenses are influenced on the one hand by a reduced currency exchange gain of EUR 3.9 Mill (compared to a currency exchange gain of EUR 6.2 Mill last year). More important on the other hand is a reduction in other financial cost and bank charges by EUR 2.8 Mill, which are primarily ascribed to transaction costs from the refinancing in Q2 2009.

The Group reported a tax expense of EUR 1.1 Mill, mainly due to minimum taxation rule in Germany (EUR 0.4 Mill) but also due to necessary changes in deferred taxes (EUR 0.3 Mill). The first half-year 2010 ended with a profit of EUR 6.5 Mill compared with continued operation of EUR -4.1 Mill in 2009

Balance Sheet and Capital Position

Compared with last year the balance sheet at 30.06.10 was reduced by EUR 76.8 down to EUR 294.2 Mill. Main driver for this decrease was again a very strong reduction of working capital of EUR 75.4 Mill. Especially the cut back in inventories (=-31.0%) became possible after fundamental changes in production philosophy already launched in 2009. Despite the uncertain market situation accounts receivables at 30.06.10 developed positively to EUR 63.0 Mill compared with EUR 97.1 Mill at the same period last year.

Mainly due to the strongly improved EBITDA combined with a further improved net working capital to EUR 109.3 Mill an excellent cash flow from operating activities was generated (EUR 30.5 Mill vs. EUR -5.0 Mill in first half 2009). By this the net interest-bearing debt was reduced from EUR 42.8 Mill end of 2009 down to EUR 23.3 Mill in Q2 2010. Corresponding figure in Q2 2009 for net interest-bearing debt was EUR 54.1 Mill. The long-term interest-bearing debt was reduced by EUR 19.3 Mill through buying back own bonds.

Booked equity at 30.06. 10 was EUR 99.4 Mill (30.06.09: EUR 120.1 Mill) which is equal to an equity ratio of 33.8% compared with 32.4% one year ago and 31.0% at year end 2009.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with standards for interim reporting, IAS 34, and other applicable IFRS standards. The same accounting principles have been applied in the interim report as for the annual accounts. The attached condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited.

Operations

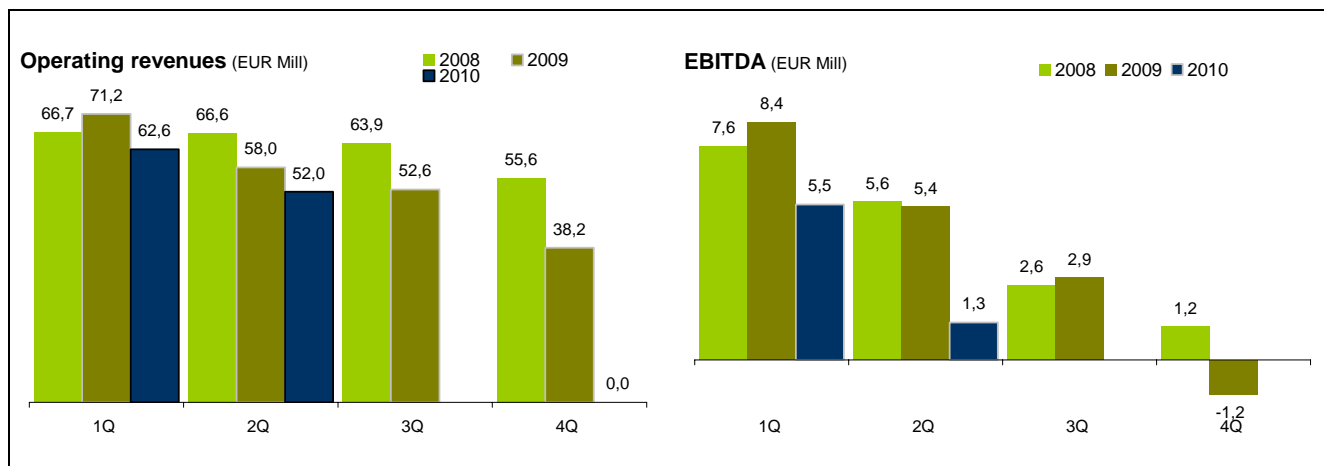
Segments information is disclosed in accordance with IFRS 8 and attached to the interim report. To the operations below, operating revenues are referred to as the Group's external sales of products belonging to the different business areas.

Arable

Similar to prior years the operating revenues of Q2 2010 are below Q1 (EUR -10.6 Mill vs. EUR -13.2 Mill from Q1 2009 to Q2 2009). The quarter ended with net sales of EUR 52.0 Mill compared to EUR 58.0 Mill one year before (EUR -6.0 Mill). The lower revenues are predominantly due to a decline in the French market (EUR -3.9 Mill). Almost all other markets are on comparable level.

The predominant reason for the strongly reduced EBITDA of this business area is linked to the missing volume which counts for EUR 2.9 Mill of the total reduction in EBITDA of EUR 4.2 Mill. Again this business area was strongly affected by an unfavourable development of the NOK versus EUR since the factory producing plough equipment is located in Norway. This effect has negative influence on the gross margin (EUR -0.5 Mill) and also on the capacity cost (EUR -0.6 Mill) of the Norwegian factory. The cost base as such was reduced timely by EUR 0.9 Mill. Also an economically favourable product mix contributed EUR 0.3 Mill to the EBITDA.

The business area recorded an order intake of EUR 33.9 Mill during Q2 compared with EUR 40.1 Mill during Q2 2009. This cooling down was expected as some important orders from state-trading nations were registered already in Q1 2010 instead of the 2nd quarter as in most prior years. The order book is 48.0% lower this year than last year (EUR 25.6 Mill vs. EUR 49.1 Mill).



Grass

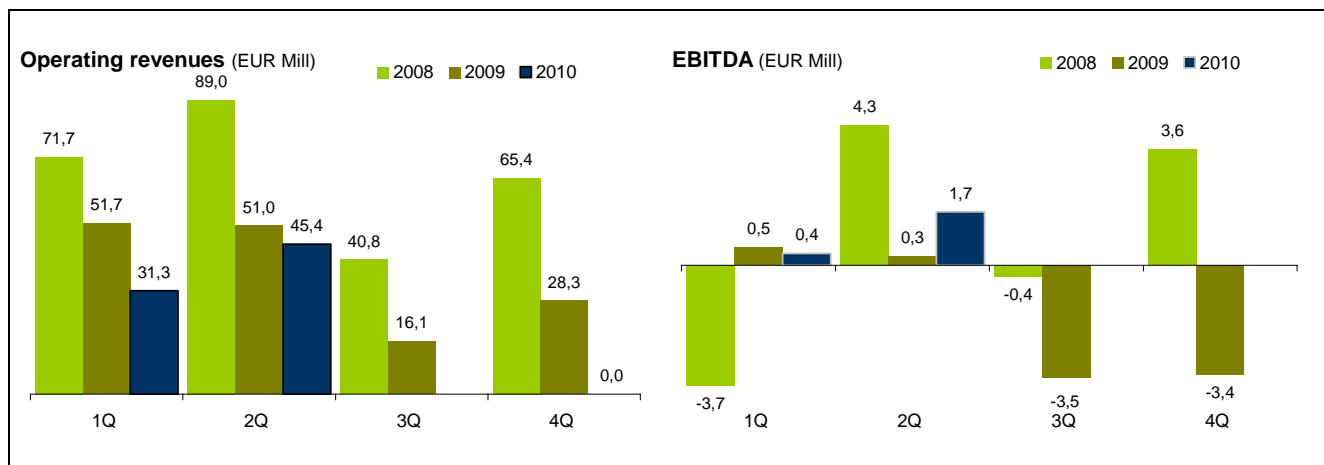
The development in business area Grass was in general very satisfying as operating revenues amounted to EUR 45.4 Mill in Q2 2010 (vs. EUR 51.0 Mill in Q2 2009) which is a healthy development, back to a normal traditional seasonality. This development is however twofolded, on the one hand continues disappointing results for products related to our former factory in Geldrop (-43.0% compared to Q2 2009) and on the other hand all other products (+14.0% compared to Q2 2009).

The EBITDA recovered fundamentally and ended with EUR 1.7 Mill which is the best quarterly result since 4th quarter 2008. Strongly increased efficiency and a sharply reduced cost base in our factory in Kerteminde are the main drivers behind this satisfying development.

The distribution agreement with the buyer of the Bale Equipment business area will end at the 1st of September 2010. Kverneland Group has signed contracts to secure the future supply of a strong product offering of bale equipment also after the current distribution contract expires.

Furthermore, the Same Deutz-Fahr Group and Kverneland Group renewed the contract for the continued cooperation in the sales and distribution of DEUTZ-FAHR branded hay and forage products. This is a confirmation of the parties previously communicated intention of continuing their long standing and successful cooperation. Consequently the Kverneland Group will continue to supply Deutz-Fahr branded disc mowers, disc mower conditioners, tedders, rakes and loader wagons exclusively through the SDF network according to the well known business practise between the parties. These are important achievements for the long-term performance of Kverneland Group, and they will, together with the previously announced acquisition of the Veenhuis loader wagon business, provide Kverneland Group with the broadest product offering in the grass machinery business.

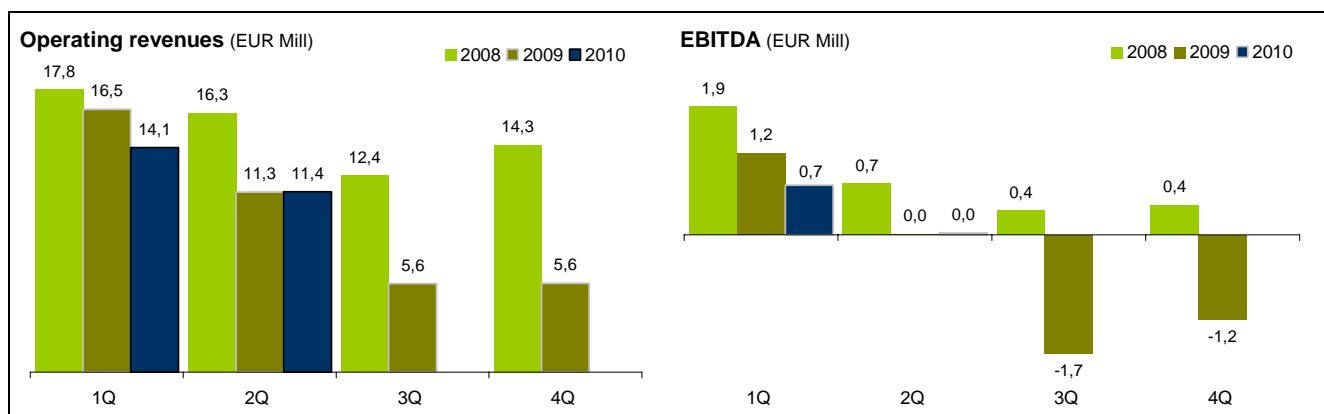
The order intake in the quarter was EUR 16.0 Mill, up by 38.0% on Q2 last year. The business area had an order book at 30.06.10 of EUR 7.1 Mill, an increase of EUR 1.1 Mill (18%) compared with the same period last year.



Crop Care

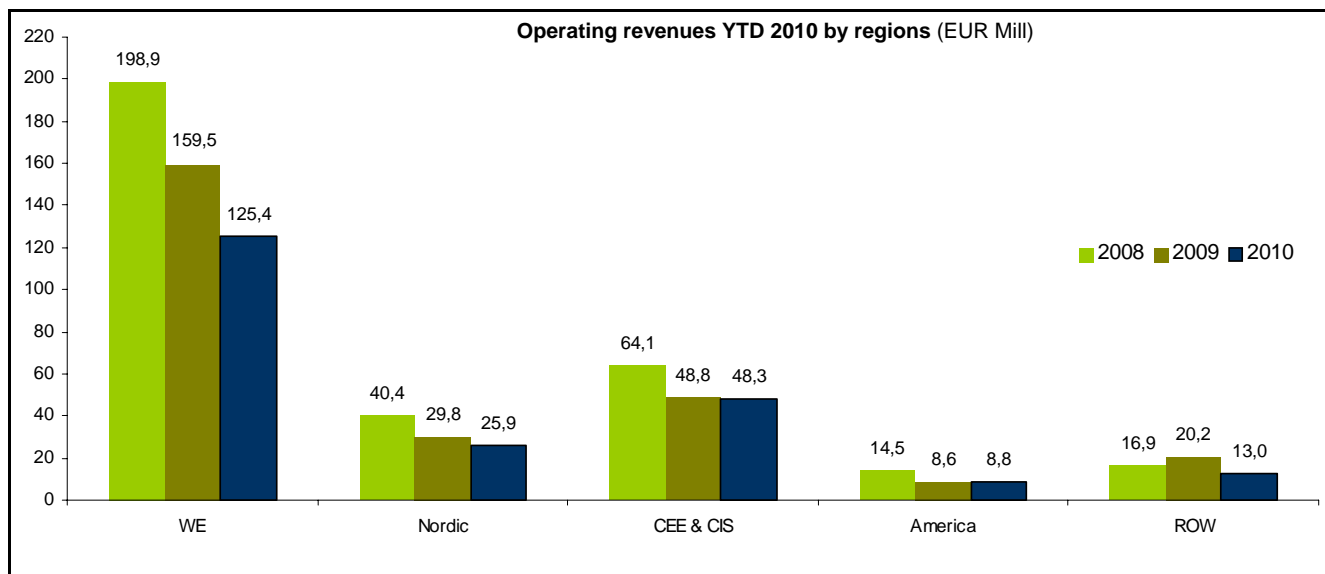
The Crop Care business area recorded revenue declines from Q1 2010 to Q2 2010 (EUR -2.7 Mill) however this is seen as part of the normal seasonality. Compared to Q2 2009 the quarter ended at operating revenues of EUR 11.4 Mill (vs. EUR 11.3 Mill). Similar to last year this 2nd quarter ended with an EBITDA of EUR 0.0 Mill.

The order intake in the quarter was EUR 5.9 Mill, up by 98.0% on Q2 last year. The business area had an order book at 30.06.10 of EUR 3.1 Mill, an increase of EUR 19.0% compared with the same period last year. This level is still judged to be low for a sustained recovery of the business area.



Geographical Information

The Group's primary markets/regions are Western Europe, CIS (Commonwealth of Independent States incl. Russia) and CEE (Central East Europe). Compared with first half 2009 Western Europe (incl. Nordic) declined 20.0% while CEE/CIS was down 1.0%. America was slightly up by 2.0%. Rest-of-the-world (ROW) lost 36.0% on last year



Outlook

Considering recent market signals and the destocking in our dealership in most markets, we believe that the agricultural industry is continuing a slow recovery from the recession, which started at the backend of the financial crisis. However, the latest industry report from the German Industry Association (VDMA) reported German industry sales down 15.0% in first half 2010 compared to 2009. The reason being that sales in 1Q 2009 held up very well is due to remaining orders from the peak period which came to an end in the second half 2008. Consequently the recession really materialized in declining industry sales as from Q2 2009.

Despite of the recovery signs, the market for agricultural machinery has remained weak in first half 2010, but there has been a trend of recovery with significantly higher industry and group order intake than in the first half 2009. This trend is driven by the more normalized financial markets, the more positive signals on the world economy and a growing optimism (or more optimistic view) in the farming sector on (about) the future earnings. The latter has been positively influenced by better prices in Dairy sector and recently there has also been a significant upswing in the grain sector, especially for wheat.

At present the industry climate in the autumn is expected to be more positive than last autumn and the order intake is expected to continue the modest recovery. The tendency of improved market conditions is however vulnerable with regards to potential negative signals on the global economy and the commodity prices, e.g. for wheat and milk. Another uncertainty is relating to potential negative impact in some markets from weaker yields caused by adverse weather conditions like flood and draught, e.g. in Russia. On the other hand at present it seems like the weaker yield will be offset by higher prices, but there will be difference from country to country.

It is still expected that importers and dealers will remain cautious with regard to placing orders without end customer contracts behind.

Even though there are specific circumstances like transition of bale supply, conflict with labour unions at the Klepp factory, low order book entering the quarter and still market uncertainties, we judge the overall market situation to be better than last year. Already on short term we expect to not only take more orders than last year but also to deliver and invoice for the first time since crisis started slightly more than in the corresponding quarter of last year. Underlying fundamental trends continue to be in our favour.

Risks and uncertainties

There are potential risks and uncertainties which may have an impact on the Group's financial performance for the remaining six months of the financial year.

The main operational risks are related to the market situation and price development and deliverance of input factors. The group sales activities are directly and indirectly dependent on the general development in the market. Developments the last 18 months have led to postponements of investments among farmers primarily due to a general feeling of uncertainty but also to tight financial markets.

The Group's financial risk management is primarily related to foreign exchange rates, interest rates, credit risks as well as liquidity risk.

The Group has sales and purchases in a variety of currencies, and even though hedging is performed to minimize such exposure, exchange-rate fluctuations may have impact on future earnings. The largest exposure is associated with the development in USD, GBP and NOK versus EUR.

The Group is primarily exposed to interest rate risks through changes in EURIBOR. 57.0% of interest-bearing debt as per 30.06.10 has a fixed interest rate.

Credit risk in the Group is primarily related to accounts receivables. Approximately 40.0% of these receivables are sold to external finance institutes (factoring and floor-planning contracts) where the financial risk, entirely or partly, is transferred to external party. Based on this, and on historical loss statistics, the credit risk for the Group is considered to be rather low.

The liquidity risk is associated with the Group's ability to sufficiently fund the different operations through available bank overdraft facilities. The Group seeks to accomplish this by a dynamic utilization of the Group's cash pool.

Risk management and risk exposure are described further in the latest annual report. There is no material changes related to this subject since the release of the 2009 annual report.

Related-party transactions

No transactions between related parties have occurred in 2010.

Declaration

We confirm to the best of our knowledge that the condensed set of financial statements for the period 1 January to 30 June 2010 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting, and gives a true and fair view of the Group's assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss as a whole. We also confirm, to the best of our knowledge, that the interim report includes a fair review of important events that have occurred during the first six months of the financial year and their impact on the condensed set of financial statements, a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the financial year, and major related transactions.

27th August 2010
Board of Directors
Kverneland ASA

Consolidated Condensed Income Statement (EUR Mill)	2010 Q2	2009 Q2	2010 YTD	2009 YTD	2009 FY
Operating revenues	111,9	124,1	221,4	266,9	417,6
Operating cost excluding depreciation and amortisation	105,1	119,5	208,4	253,0	425,4
EBITDA	6,8	4,6	13,0	13,9	-7,8
Depreciation and amortisation	2,3	2,2	4,7	4,4	9,0
Write down	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,6
Restructuring and reorganisation cost	0,0	0,0	0,0	9,9	8,8
Operating profit / loss (EBIT)	4,5	2,4	8,3	-0,4	-27,2
Exchange gain/loss	0,5	-0,3	3,9	6,2	11,5
Interest and other financial cost	-1,9	-4,7	-4,6	-7,4	-13,6
Profit / loss from associated companies	0,0	0,3	0,0	0,3	0,2
Profit / loss before taxes	3,1	-2,3	7,6	-1,3	-29,1
Taxes	-0,5	-2,5	-1,1	-2,8	-5,6
Profit / loss continued operation	2,6	-4,8	6,5	-4,1	-34,7
Profit / loss discontinued operations	0,0	0,4	0,0	75,4	75,2
Profit / loss for the period	2,6	-4,4	6,5	71,3	40,5
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the company	2,3	-4,4	6,1	71,0	40,2
Minority interest	0,3	0,0	0,4	0,3	0,3
Consolidated Condensed Comprehensive Income Statement					
Other comprehensive income:					
Currency translation differences	-0,2	-2,2	0,2	2,6	6,6
Total comprehensive income for the period	2,4	-6,6	6,7	73,9	47,1
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Owners of the company	2,1	-6,6	6,3	73,7	46,8
Minority interest	0,3	0,0	0,4	0,2	0,3
Number of shares (in 1 000)	154 309	154 309	154 309	154 309	154 309
Earnings per share from continued operation	0,01	-0,03	0,04	-0,03	-0,23
Earnings per share from discontinued operation	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,49	0,49
Exchange rate	7,9375	8,8310	8,0638	9,0219	8,8196
Earnings per share (NOK)	0,12	-0,27	0,32	-0,26	-2,00
Fully diluted earnings per share (NOK)	0,12	-0,27	0,32	-0,26	-2,00

Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet	2010	2009	2009
(EUR million)	30.06	30.06	31.12
Assets			
Intangible assets	9,5	8,3	9,5
Deferred tax assets	16,8	21,9	17,1
Property, Plant and equipment	52,7	59,1	53,4
Investment in associated companies	2,3	2,5	2,3
Long term financial assets	7,8	1,3	6,4
Non-current assets	89,1	93,1	88,7
Stocks	93,7	135,3	106,1
Accounts Receivable	63,0	97,1	49,3
Other debtors	9,6	11,9	11,8
Cash and deposits	38,5	33,6	40,3
Current assets	204,8	277,9	207,5
Assets held for sale	0,3	-	3,8
Total assets	294,2	371,0	300,0
Equity and Liabilities			
Paid in capital	110,5	110,5	110,5
Retained earnings	-11,8	8,7	-18,1
Minority interests	0,7	0,9	0,5
Total equity	99,4	120,1	92,9
Pension liabilities	20,5	20,7	19,9
Deferred tax liabilities	6,5	8,8	6,5
Provisions for other liabilities	6,5	5,1	7,0
Long-term interest bearing debt	54,2	73,5	75,0
Non-current liabilities	87,7	108,1	108,4
Short-term interest bearing debt	7,6	14,2	8,1
Other current liabilities	99,5	128,6	90,6
Current liabilities	107,1	142,8	98,7
Liabilities discontinued operation		0,0	0,0
Total equity and liabilities	294,2	371,0	300,0

Equity	2010	2009	2009
(EUR million)	30.06	30.06	31.12
Total paid in capital	110,5	110,5	110,5
Retained earnings 01.01	-18,1	-64,9	-64,9
Conversion rate and other	0,2	2,6	6,6
Profit / loss for the year	6,1	71,0	40,2
Total retained earnings	-11,8	8,7	-18,1
Minority interest 01.01	0,5	0,9	0,9
Change in minority interests	-0,2	-0,3	-0,7
Minority interests share of profit for the year	0,4	0,3	0,3
Total minority interests	0,7	0,9	0,5
Total equity	99,4	120,1	92,9

Consolidated Condensed Cash Flow Statement	2010	2009	2009
(EUR million)	30.06	30.06	31.12
<i>Cash flow from operating activities:</i>			
Profit before tax	7,6	74,0	46,1
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	-	-75,0	-75,2
Currency exchange differences	-0,2	1,6	5,7
Non-cash:			
Depreciation, amortisation and write-down	4,7	4,4	10,6
Gain/Loss on disposal of, property plant and equipment	-	-0,1	-0,1
Interest income	-0,1	-1,4	-1,2
Interest cost	4,5	6,0	10,9
Difference between pension cost and pension payment	0,6	0,8	-
Working capital adjustments:			
Change in trade receivables	-13,7	-14,8	31,7
Change in inventory	15,7	-0,9	24,8
Change in trade payables	6,4	-16,8	-39,9
Change in other current items	5,2	19,1	-
Income tax paid	-0,2	-1,9	-4,0
Cash flow from operations	30,5	-5,0	9,4
<i>Cash flow from investing activities:</i>			
Sale of subsidiaries	-	115,0	115,0
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	0,4	-	2,2
Investment of property, plant and equipment	-2,6	-3,2	-2,8
Investment of intangible assets	-1,3	-1,3	-4,3
Change in financial fixed assets	-1,4	-	0,4
Cash flow from investing activities	-4,9	110,5	110,5
<i>Cash flow from financing activities:</i>			
Payment of Finance lease liabilities	-0,2	0,2	-0,4
Proceeds from long term borrowings	-	-	68,4
Repayment of long term borrowings	-21,2	-33,6	-99,4
Change in debt due in within one year	-0,5	-30,9	-39,4
Interest Received	6,8	2,1	4,0
Interest Paid	-12,0	-12,0	-15,6
Dividend paid	-0,3	-0,3	-1,3
Cash flow from financing activities	-27,4	-74,5	-83,7
Effects of foreign exchange movements	-	-0,1	1,4
Net change in cash	-1,8	31,0	36,2
Cash at the beginning of the year	40,3	2,7	2,7
Cash at the end of the period	38,5	33,6	40,3

The condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited.

Segment information Q2 2010

EUR Mill	Arable	Grass	Crop Care	Sale & distribution	Other / elimination	Continued operation
Total operating revenues	41,7	22,9	8,0	78,8	-39,5	111,9
Inter segment revenues	25,0	13,8	5,1	0,0	-43,9	0,0
Revenues from external customers	16,7	9,1	2,9	78,8	4,4	111,9
EBITDA adjusted	1,3	1,7	0,0	3,4	0,4	6,8
Depreciation and amortisation	1,0	0,5	0,3	0,1	0,4	2,3
Write down	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Restructuring cost	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Net profit from continued operation	-1,1	0,2	-0,8	1,4	2,9	2,6
Profit from discontinued operation		0,0				0,0
Net profit	-1,1	0,2	-0,8	1,4	2,9	2,6
Minority interest						-0,3
Net profit attributable to shareholders						2,3
Investments	1,2	0,8	0,4	0,0	0,4	2,8

Segment information Q2 2009

EUR Mill	Arable	Grass	Crop Care	Sale & distribution	Other / elimination	Continued operation
Total operating revenues	48,9	22,8	8,4	89,9	-45,9	124,1
Inter segment revenues	29,1	16,3	6,7	0,0	-52,1	0,0
Revenues from external customers	19,8	6,5	1,7	89,9	6,2	124,1
EBITDA adjusted	5,4	0,4	0,0	0,6	-1,8	4,6
Depreciation and amortisation	1,0	0,6	0,2	0,2	0,2	2,2
Write down	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Restructuring cost	0,0	0,6	0,8	0,0	-1,4	0,0
Net profit from continued operation	2,7	-1,6	-1,5	-1,6	-2,8	-4,8
Profit from discontinued operation		0,0			0,0	0,4
Net profit	2,7	-1,6	-1,5	-1,6	-2,8	-4,4
Minority interest						0,0
Net profit attributable to shareholders						-4,4
Investments	1,2	0,8	0,0	0,1	0,0	2,1

Segment information YTD 2010

EUR Mill	Arable	Grass	Crop Care	Sale & distribution	Other / elimination	Continued operation
Total operating revenues	92,4	40,6	18,6	160,5	-90,7	221,4
Inter segment revenues	59,3	26,9	12,5	0,1	-98,8	0,0
Revenues from external customers	33,1	13,7	6,1	160,4	8,1	221,4
EBITDA adjusted	6,8	2,1	0,7	5,9	-2,5	13,0
Depreciation and amortisation	2,1	0,9	0,6	0,3	0,8	4,7
Write down	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Restructuring cost	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Net profit from continued operation	2,8	-0,8	-0,8	4,3	1,0	6,5
Profit from discontinued operation						0,0
Net profit	2,8	-0,8	-0,8	4,3	1,0	6,5
Minority interest						-0,4
Net profit attributable to shareholders						6,1
Total assets	99,7	70,9	27,9	131,8	-36,1	294,2
Investments	1,5	1,2	0,6	0,1	0,5	3,9

Segment information YTD 2009

EUR Mill	Arable	Grass	Crop Care	Sale & distribution	Other / elimination	Continued operation
Total operating revenues	106,6	45,4	22,6	203,8	-111,5	266,9
Inter segment revenues	72,0	33,5	18,3	0,1	-123,9	0,0
Revenues from external customers	34,6	11,9	4,3	203,7	12,4	266,9
EBITDA adjusted	13,9	0,9	1,2	4,3	-6,4	13,9
Depreciation and amortisation	1,9	1,2	0,5	0,4	0,4	4,4
Write down	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Restructuring cost	0,0	0,6	0,8	7,0	1,5	9,9
Net profit from continued operation	11,2	-1,1	-1,0	-7,5	-5,7	-4,1
Profit from discontinued operation		0,0			0,0	75,4
Net profit	11,2	-1,1	-1,0	-7,5	-5,7	71,3
Minority interest						-0,3
Net profit attributable to shareholders						71,0
Total assets	123,9	115,4	32,8	161,6	-62,7	371,0
Investments	2,8	1,3	0,1	0,1	0,2	4,5

Geographical distribution continued operation

	Nordic Countries	Western Europe excl Nordic	CIS & CEE	America	Australasia	Remaining markets	Total
Operating revenues							
Q2 09	13,6	66,5	28,5	3,7	8,5	3,3	124,1
Q2 10	14,3	59,8	26,2	6,0	3,5	2,1	111,9
YTD 09	29,8	159,5	48,8	8,6	14,3	5,9	266,9
YTD 10	25,9	125,4	48,3	8,8	7,6	5,4	221,4
Revenue is allocated based on customers allocation							
Assets							
Q2 09	20,6	45,0	0,9	0,5	0,4	0,0	67,4
Q2 10	20,0	40,8	0,9	0,5	0,0	0,0	62,2
Assets are allocated based on where the assets are located Geographical distribution of assets includes property plant & equipment and intangible assets only							
Investments							
Q2 09	1,0	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,1
Q2 10	2,0	0,7	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,8
YTD 09	2,8	1,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	4,5
YTD 10	2,4	1,3	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	3,9
Investments are allocated based on where the investments are made							